

UFR

**de mathématique
et d'informatique**



Université de Strasbourg

Exa-MA WP1 - Terrain

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Introduction

- Internship took place at **Cemosis - IRMA**
- **PEPR Numpex** through **Exa-MA** project
- Part of the **HiDALGO2** project
- **Ktirio Urban Building application**
- Supervised by **Vincent Chabannes**



Figure: cemosis logo [?]



Figure: Numpex logo [?]



Figure: HiDALGO2 logo [?]

Introduction: Main objectives

- Exa-MA WP1 - Terrain
- Exa-MA WP1 - Vegetation
- Exa-MA WP1 - Urban Building LOD-1
- Exa-MA WP1 - Urban Building LOD-2
- Develop a **detailed 3D model** of the urban landscape

Introduction: Main objectives

- Source elevation data from **Mapbox**
- **Reduce mesh density** with **contour line constraints**
- **Parallelization**

JSON for Modern C++

What if JSON was part of modern C++?

Figure: json nlohmann logo[?]

C++ library for **JSON** parsing

Introduction: Software and libraries



Figure: curl logo[?]

URL transfer library

Introduction: Software and libraries

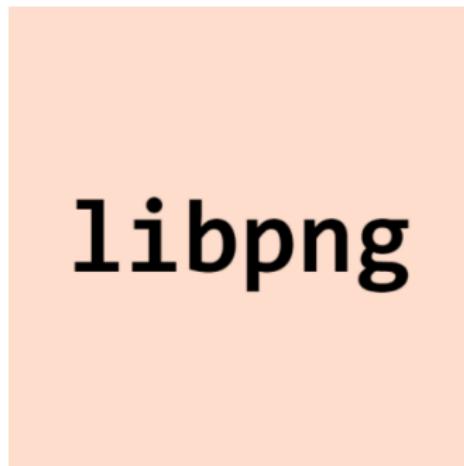


Figure: libpng logo[?]

PNG reference library

Introduction: Software and libraries

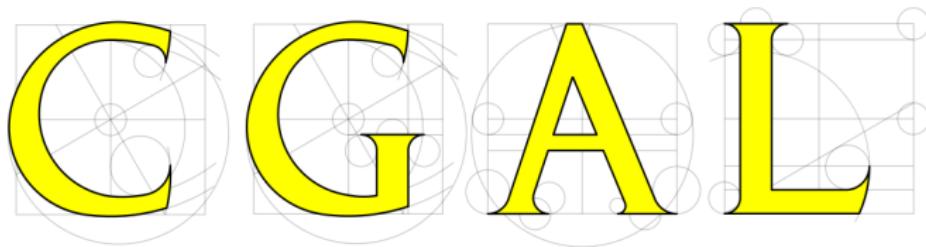


Figure: CGAL logo[?]

Open source software library for **computational geometry algorithms**

Methodology: Pre-existing codebase

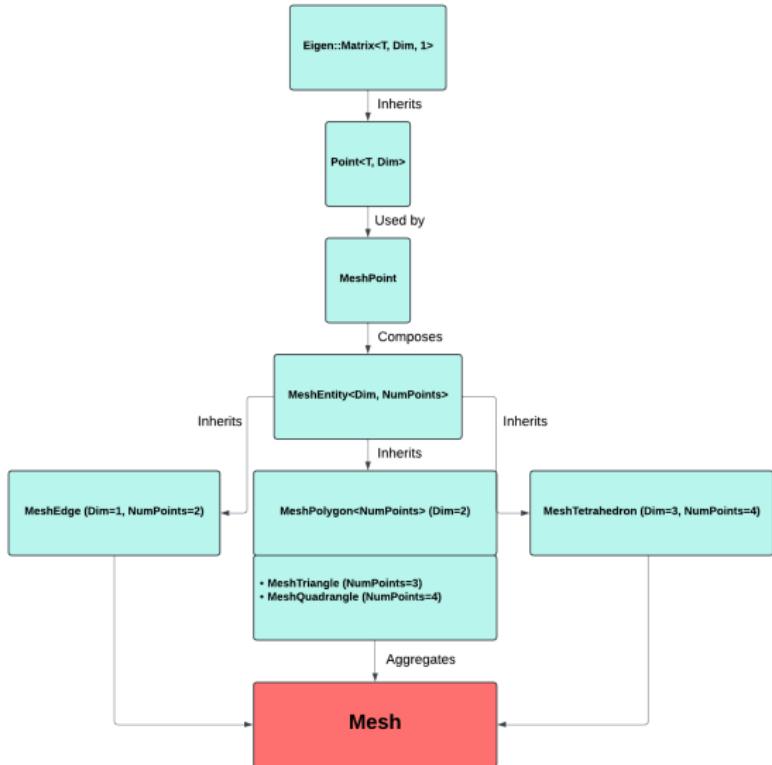


Figure: UML diagram of the codebase structure 1

Methodology: Pre-existing codebase

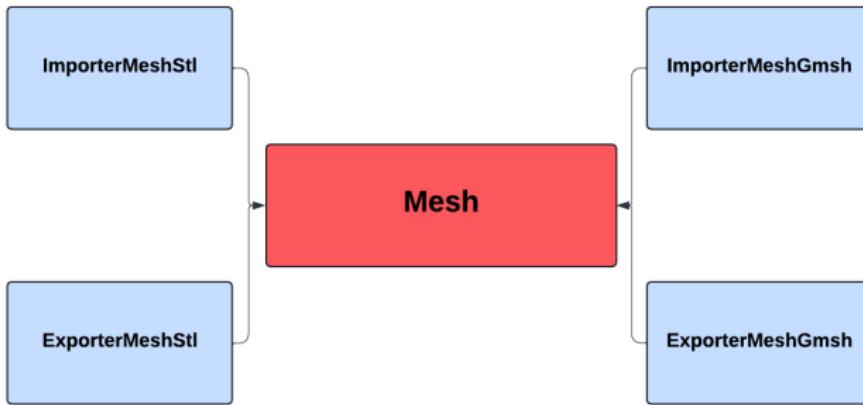


Figure: UML diagram of the codebase structure 2

Methodology: Configuration

```
1  {
2    "useGPS": true,
3    "precision": 0.5,
4    "longitude": 5.7232,
5    "latitude": 45.1835,
6    "zoom": 16,
7    "api_key": "[YOUR_API_KEY_HERE]"
8  }
9
```

Methodology: Latitude and longitude

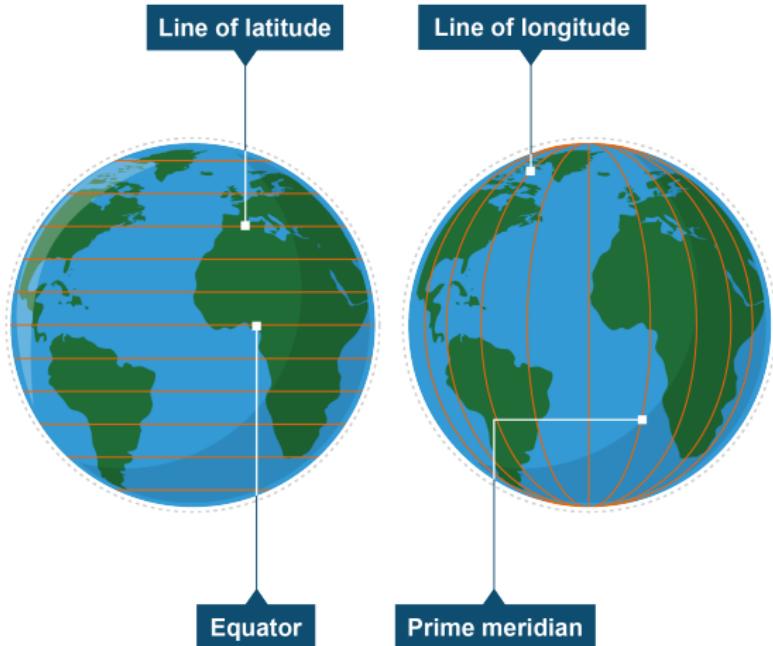
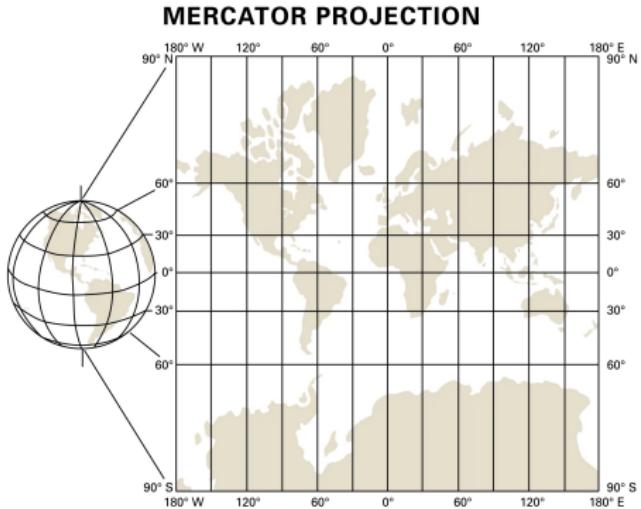


Figure: Latitude and longitude [?]

Methodology: Mercator projection



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Figure: Mercator projection [?]

Methodology: Tiled web map

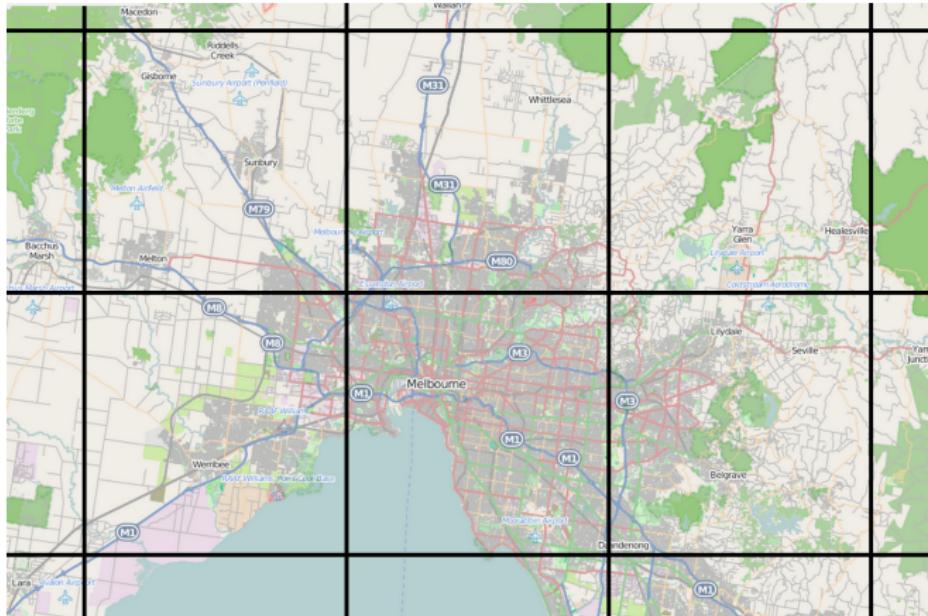


Figure: Tiled web map [?]

Methodology: Tiles coordinates

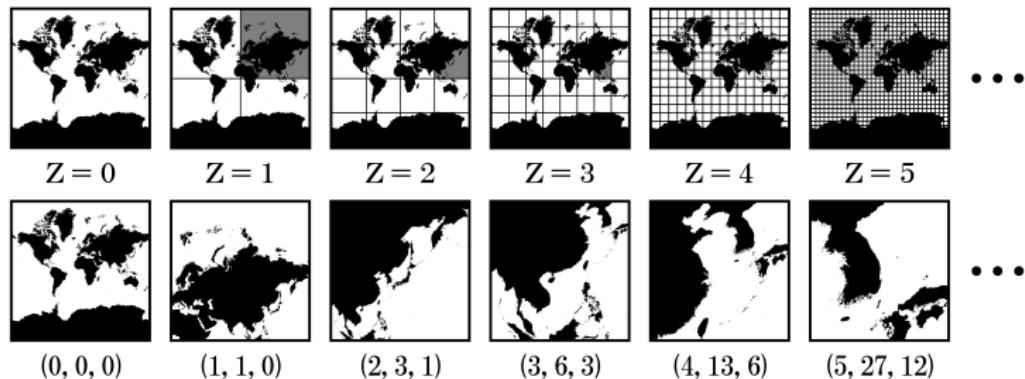


Figure: Tiles coordinates [?]

Methodology: Data acquisition

URL structure for **Mapbox Terrain-RGB v1 API**:

```
1 "https://api.mapbox.com/v4/mapbox.terrain-rgb/" + std::  
2   to_string(zoom) + "/" + std::to_string(x) + "/" + std::  
   to_string(y) + ".png?access_token=" + api_key;
```

Methodology: Geographic coordinates to tile coordinate

$$x = \left\lfloor \frac{\text{lon} + 180}{360} \times 2^{\text{zoom}} \right\rfloor$$

$$y = \left\lfloor \left(1 - \frac{\log \left(\tan \left(\frac{\text{lat} \times \pi}{180} \right) + \frac{1}{\cos \left(\text{lat} \times \frac{\pi}{180} \right)} \right)}{\pi} \right) \times 2^{\text{zoom}} \right\rfloor$$

Methodology: Data acquisition

Function to read PNG data:

```
1 std::vector<std::vector<std::tuple<int, int, int>>> readPNG(      const std::vector<char> &data)
2 {
3     std::vector<std::vector<std::tuple<int, int, int>>> image;
4     std::vector<std::tuple<int, int, int>> row;
5     for (unsigned x = 0; x < image_struct.width; ++x)
6     {
7         int r = buffer[3 * (y * image_struct.width + x) + 0];
8         int g = buffer[3 * (y * image_struct.width + x) + 1];
9         int b = buffer[3 * (y * image_struct.width + x) + 2];
10        row.emplace_back(r, g, b);
11    }
12    return image;
13 }
```

Methodology: Mapbox Terrain-RGB v1

$$height = -10000 + ((R \times 256 \times 256 + G \times 256 + B) \times 0.1)$$

Methodology: Delaunay triangulation

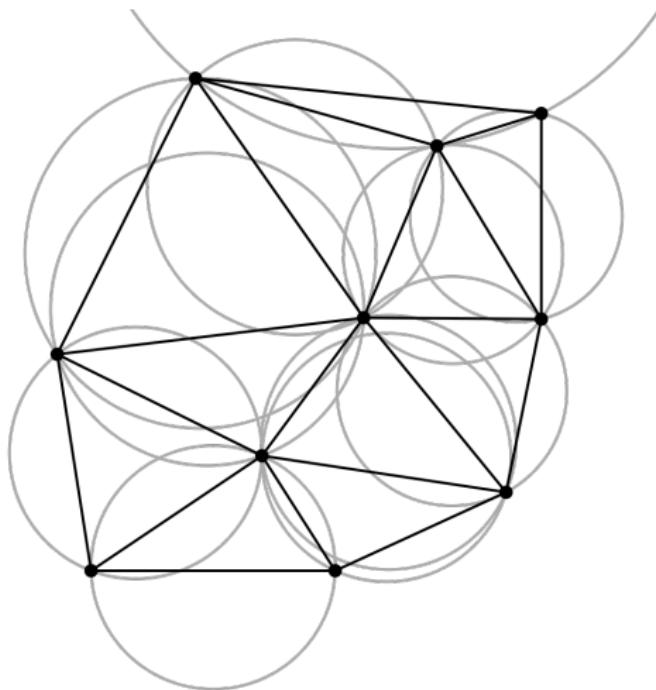


Figure: Delaunay triangulation [?]

Methodology: Constrained Delaunay triangulation

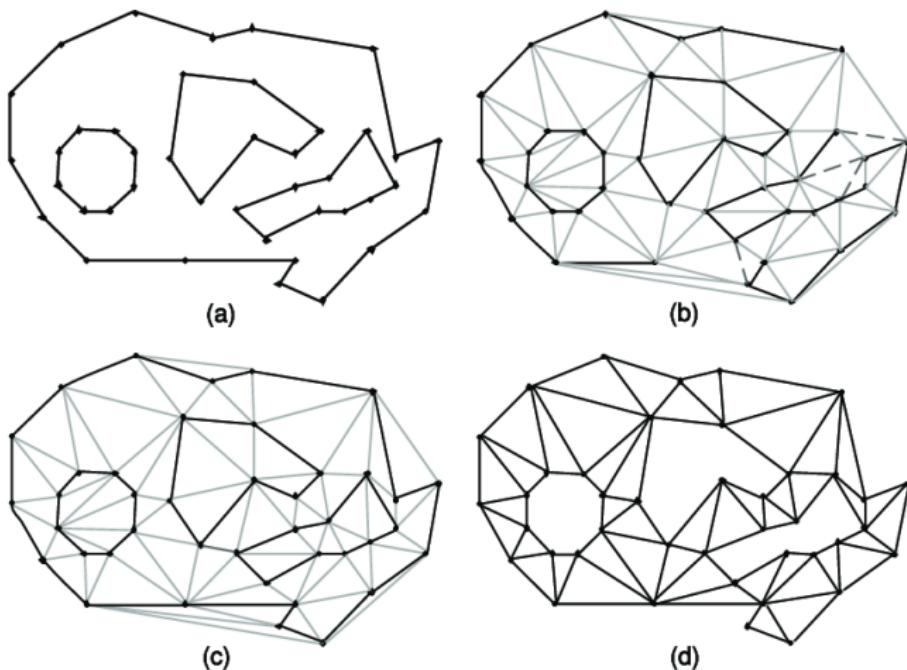


Figure: Constrained Delaunay triangulation [?]

Implementation: Project structure

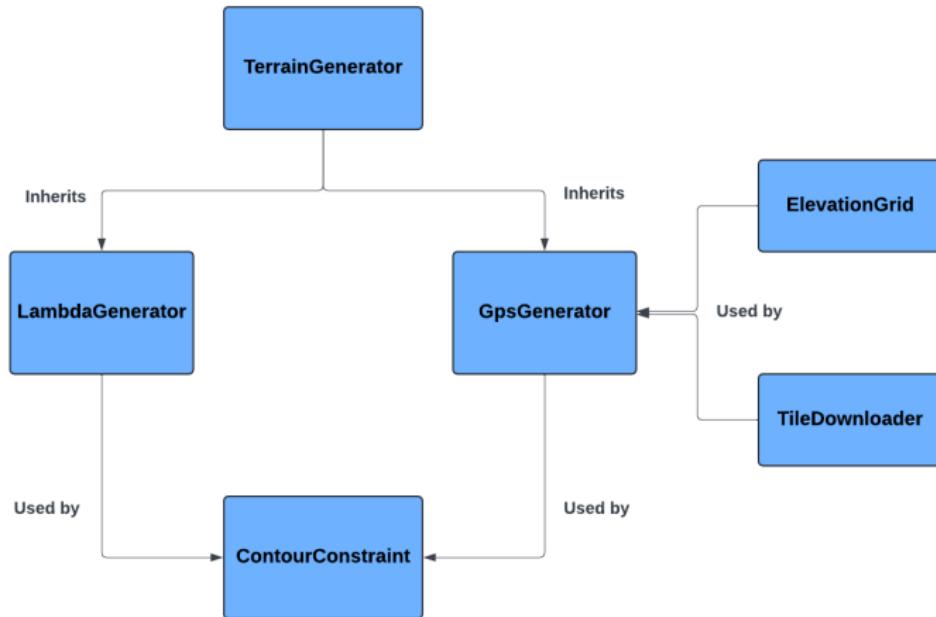


Figure: UML diagram of the project structure

Implementation: Mesh generation

TerrainGenerator class definition:

```
1 class TerrainGenerator
2 {
3     public:
4         using mesh_type = Mesh;
5         virtual std::unique_ptr<mesh_type> generate() = 0;
6         virtual ~TerrainGenerator() {};
7     };
8 }
```

Implementation: Mesh generation

LambdaGenerator class definition:

```
1 class LambdaGenerator : public TerrainGenerator
2 {
3     public:
4         using fn_type = std::function<double(double, double)>;
5         LambdaGenerator(int meshSize, fn_type const &fn);
6         virtual ~LambdaGenerator();
7
8         std::unique_ptr<mesh_type> generate() override;
9
10    private:
11        int M_meshSize;
12        fn_type M_fn;
13    };
14
```

Implementation: Mesh generation

$$z(x, y) = \sqrt{r^2 - (x - x_0)^2 - (y - y_0)^2}$$

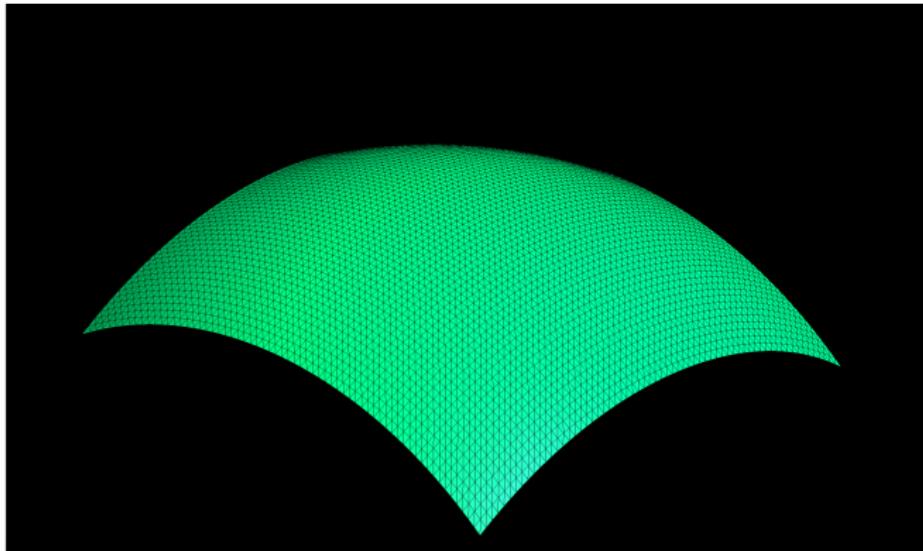


Figure: 3D mesh **LambdaGenerator 1**

Implementation: Mesh generation

$$z(x, y) = \sin(x) + \cos(y)$$

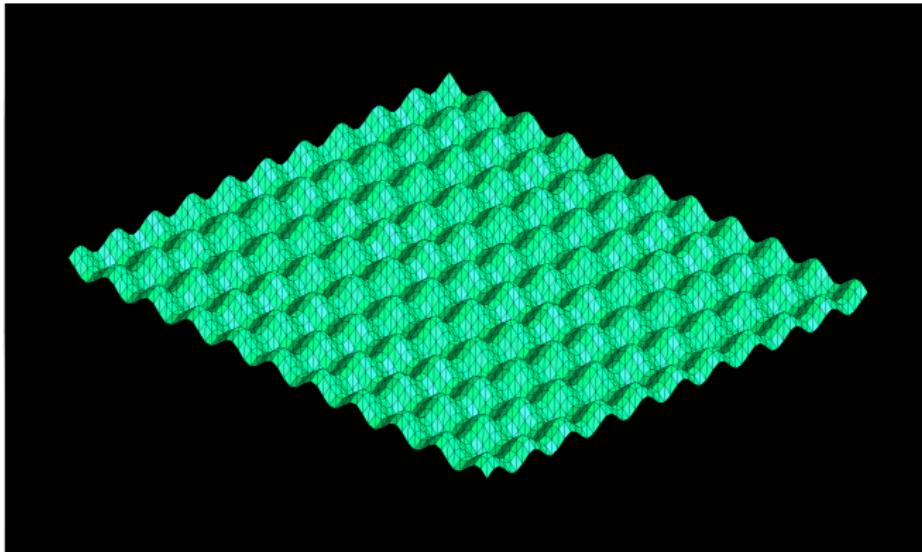


Figure: 3D mesh **LambdaGenerator 2**

Implementation: Mesh generation

GpsGenerator class definition:

```
1 class GpsGenerator : public TerrainGenerator
2 {
3     public:
4         GpsGenerator(int meshSize, double latitude, double
5             longitude, unsigned zoomLevel, std::string const &apiKey
6         );
7         virtual ~GpsGenerator();
8
9     private:
10        int M_meshSize;
11        double M_latitude;
12        double M_longitude;
13        unsigned M_zoomLevel;
14        std::string M_apiKey;
15    };
16
```

Implementation: Mesh generation

$(x, y) = (33809, 23527)$ at zoom level 16

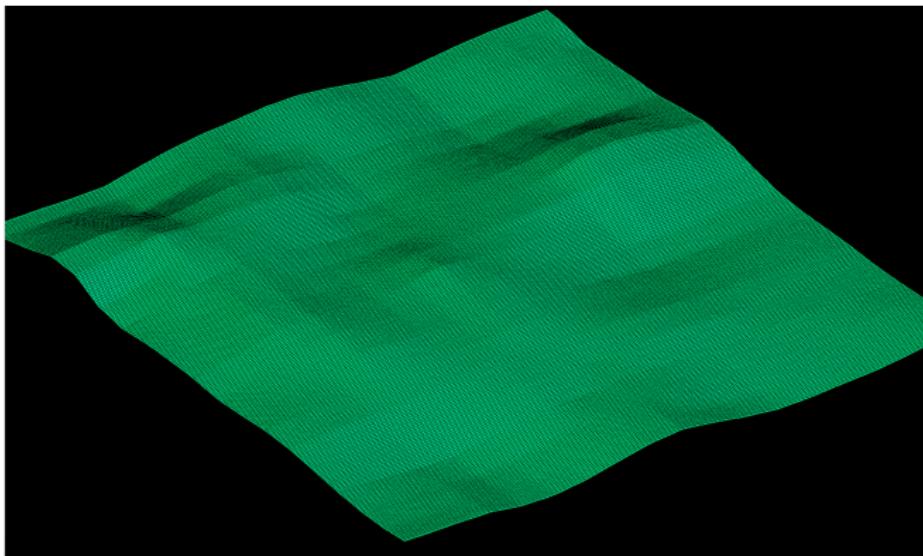


Figure: 3D mesh GPS

ContourConstraint class:

- **computeAllContoursMeshes** function
- **getMinMaxZ** function
- **computeContourMesh** function

Implementation: Contour lines generation

$$z(x, y) = \sqrt{r^2 - (x - x_0)^2 - (y - y_0)^2}$$



Figure: 3D mesh **contour lines 1**

Implementation: Contour lines generation

$$z(x, y) = \sin(x) + \cos(y)$$

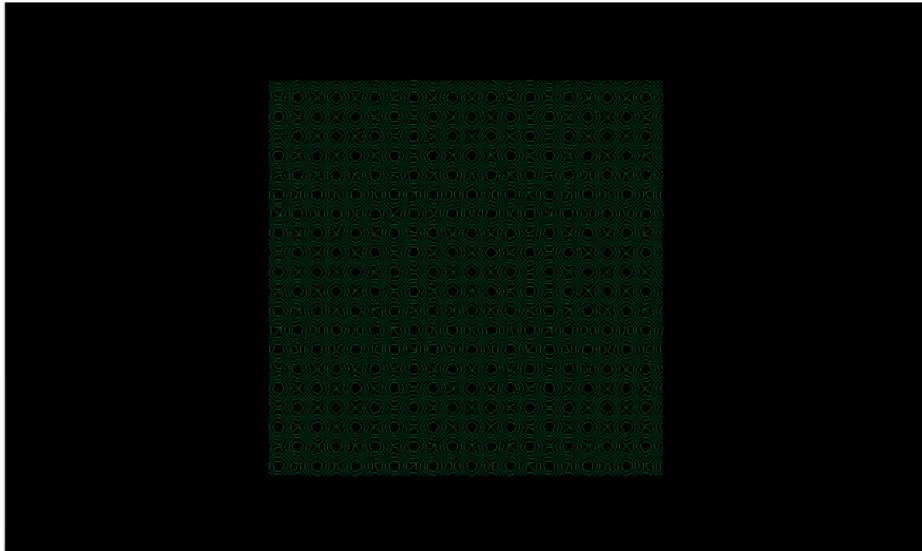


Figure: 3D mesh **contour lines 2**

Implementation: Contour lines generation

$(x, y) = (33809, 23527)$ at zoom level 16

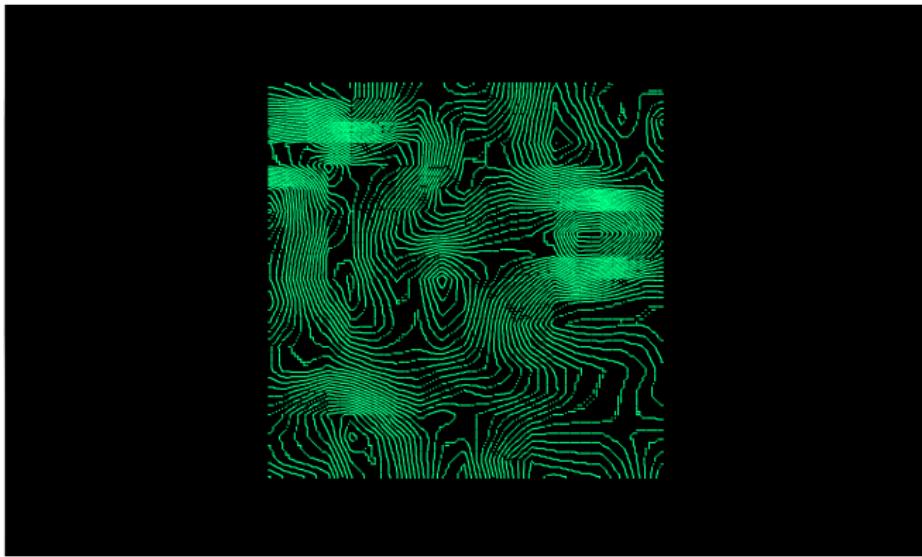


Figure: 3D mesh **contour lines GPS**

triangulateAssembledMesh function:

- Inserting constraints into
Constrained_Delaunay_triangulation_2
- **CGAL::make_conforming_Delaunay_2**
- Generating the final mesh

Results

$$z(x, y) = \sqrt{r^2 - (x - x_0)^2 - (y - y_0)^2}$$

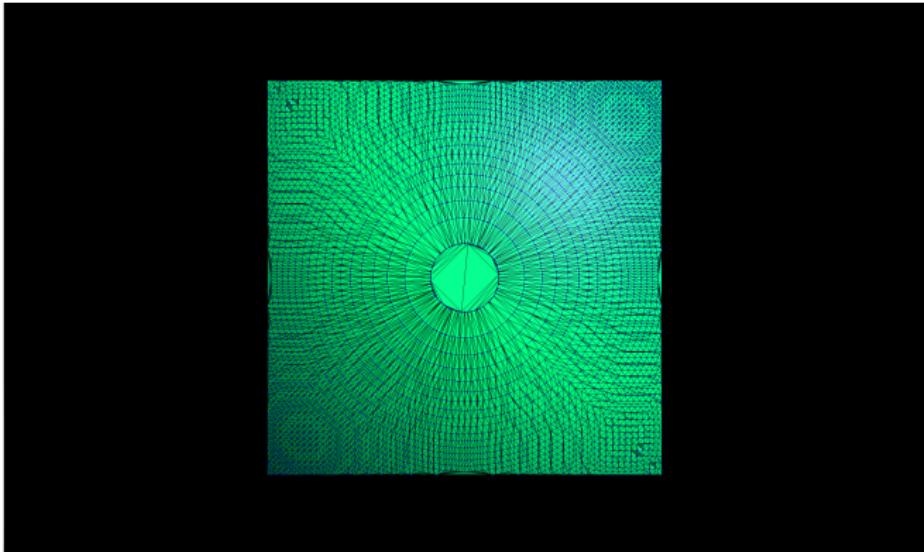


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (lambda function 1)

Results

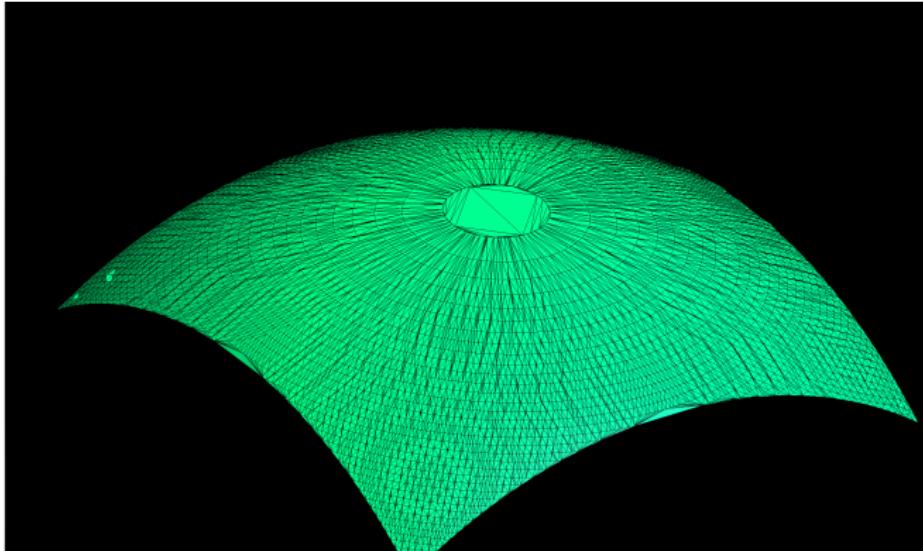


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (lambda function 1) side view

Results

$$z(x, y) = \sin(x) + \cos(y)$$

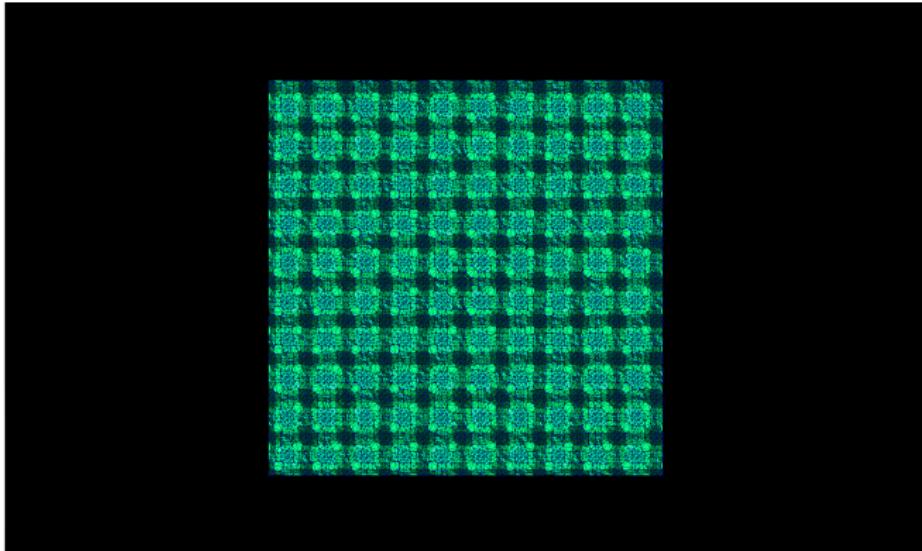


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (lambda function 2)

Results

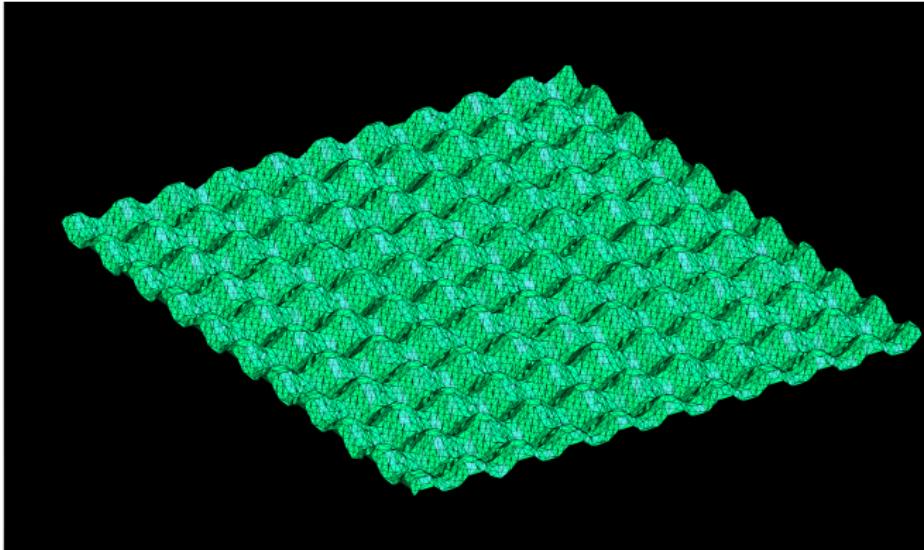


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (lambda function 2) side view

Results

$(x, y) = (33809, 23527)$ at zoom level 16

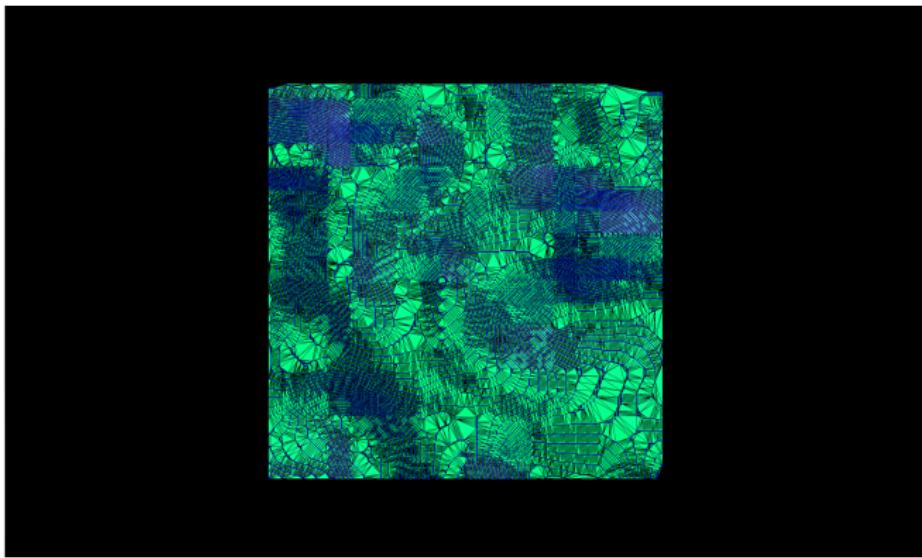


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (GPS data zoom 16)

Results

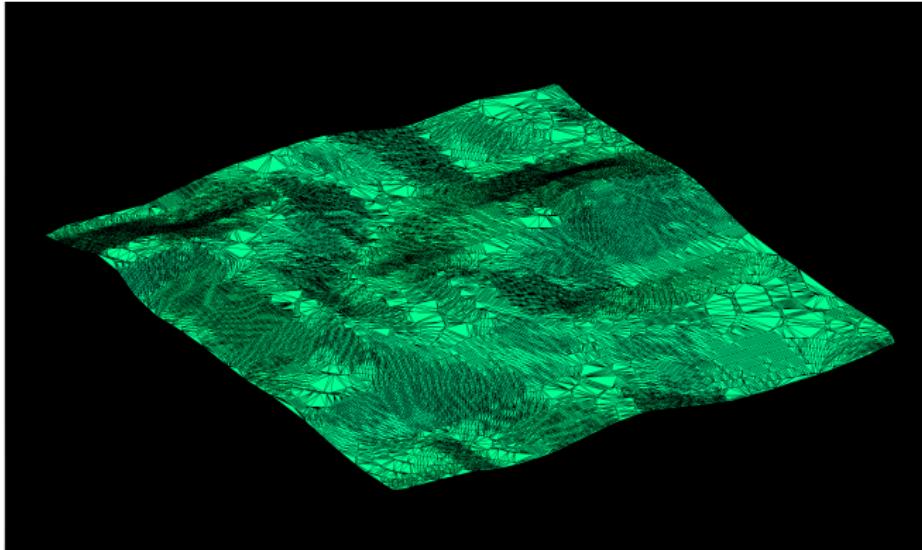


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (GPS data zoom 16) side view

Results

$(x, y) = (16904, 11763)$ at zoom level 15

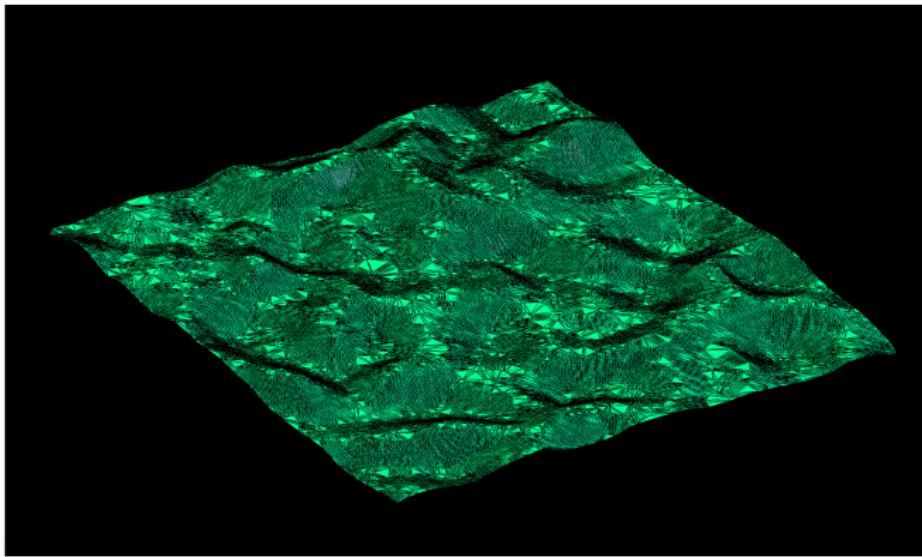


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (GPS data zoom 15)

Results

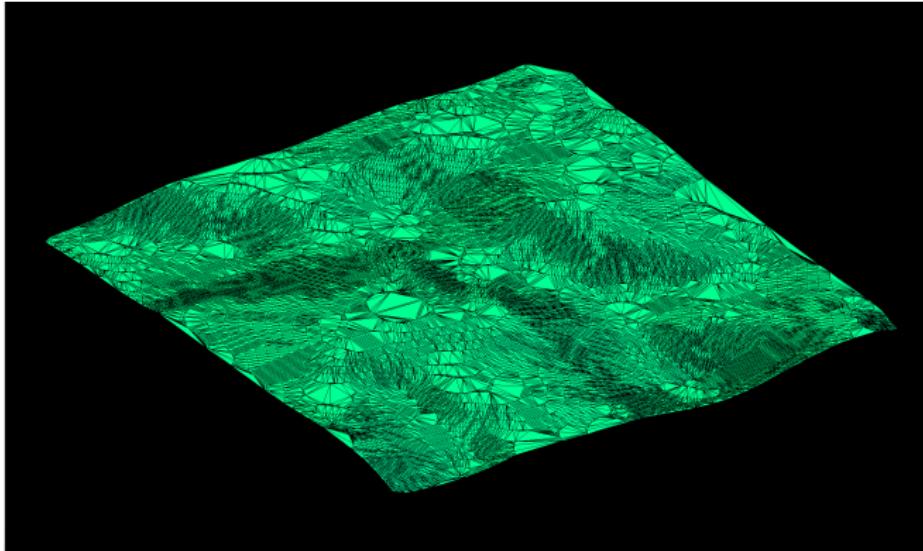


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (GPS data Strasbourg zoom 16)

Results

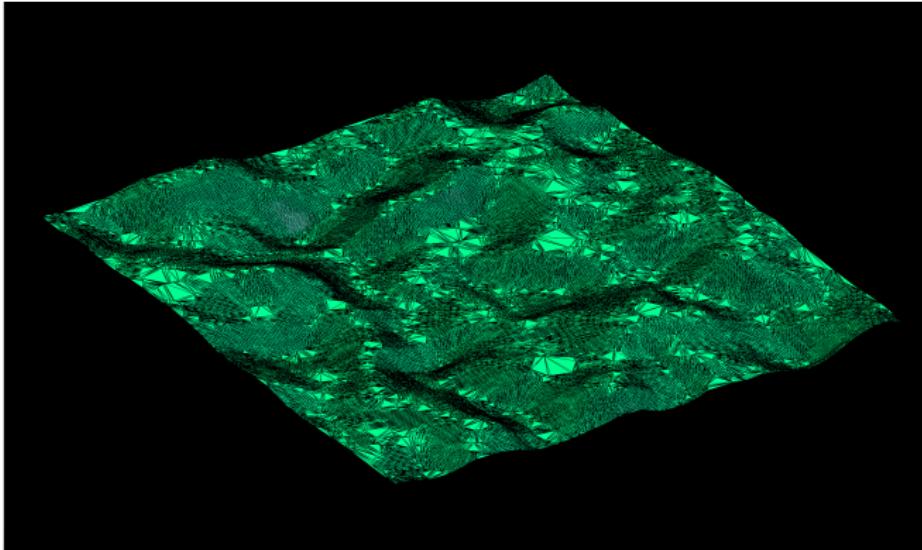


Figure: 3D mesh after re-triangulation (GPS data Strasbourg zoom 15)

Prospects: Handling and merging multiple tiles

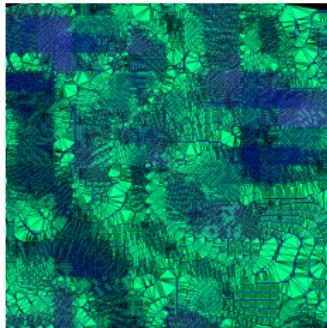


Figure: (33809, 23527)

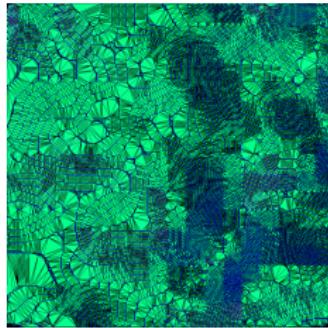


Figure: (33810, 23527)

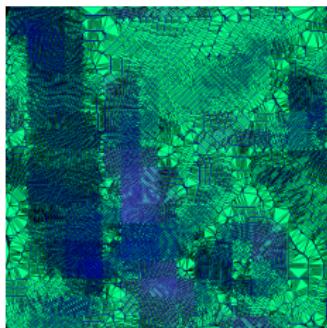


Figure: (33809, 23528)

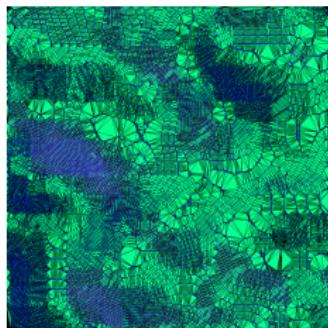


Figure: (33810, 23528)

Prospects: Handling and merging multiple tiles

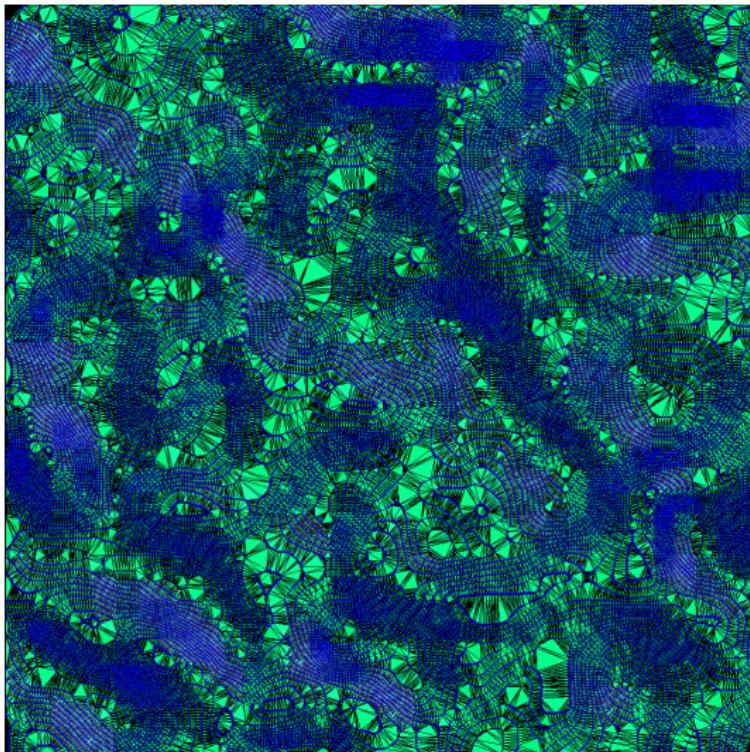


Figure: Resulting merged tile

Prospects: Mesh refinement

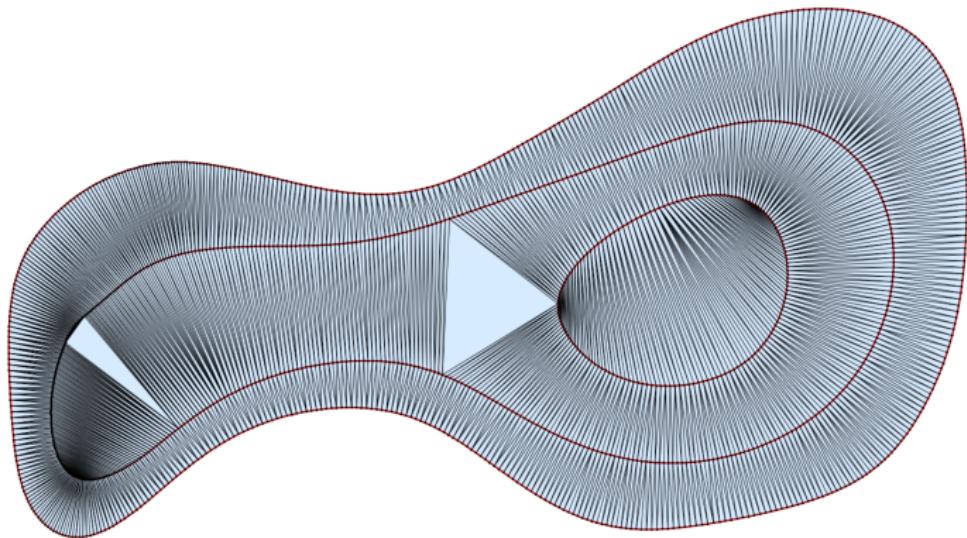


Figure: Mesh constrained to contour lines

Prospects: Mesh refinement

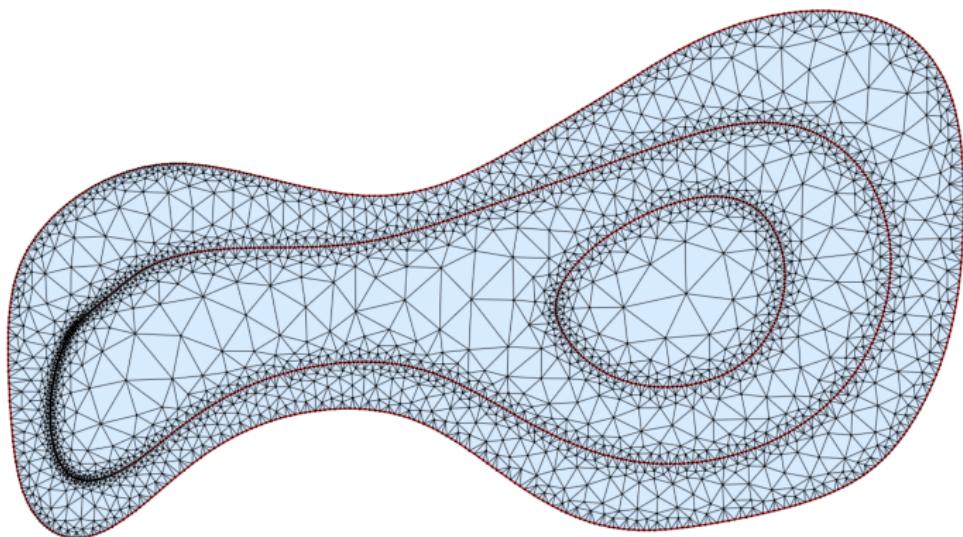


Figure: Mesh refined

Prospects: Parallelization

- **Parallel processing of multiple tiles**
- **Parallelizing mesh generation**
- **Parallel tile merging**

- Integrating urban elements with terrain models
- Detailed 3D model of the urban environment

Conclusion

Flexible **terrain** generation:

- **LambdaGenerator**
- **GpsGenerator**

Conclusion

Contour lines generation:

- **ContourConstraint**

Conclusion

Triangulation:

- **triangulateAssembledMesh**

Conclusion

Framework developed provides foundation:

- **Future developments and applications**
- **Sustainable urban development and environmental conservation**

The end

Thank you all for your attention!